## §58.205 How is the amount of the award determined?

(a) *Grants to schools of public health.* The Secretary will use a formula to determine the amount of the grant to be awarded to each school of public health with an approved application.

This formula is

$$G = \frac{SS}{TS} \times AF$$

G is the amount of the grant award; SS is the number of eligible full-time and full-time equivalent students of each applicant enrolled in severe shortage occupations targeted for support (epidemiology, environmental health, biostatistics, toxicology, public health nutrition, and maternal and child health); TS is the total number of students enrolled in graduate and specialized training in all schools of public health with approved applications; and AF is the amount of traineeship funds under this program that the Secretary has designated for award to schools of public health for that fiscal year. The Secretary will determine the number of students enrolled in graduate and specialized training in public health at the school (SS) with the formula

$$SS = FTS + \frac{PTC}{9}$$

FTS is the number of full-time students, and PTC is the total number of credit hours in which part-time students are enrolled. If necessary, the figure for

will be rounded to the next highest number. Students will be counted as of October 15 of the fiscal year in which application is made. The amount of a grant will never exceed the amount requested by the applicant.

(b) Grants to public and nonprofit private educational entities. The remaining funds will be available to meet continuation commitments and to award on a competitive basis to eligible public or nonprofit private educational entities other than schools of public health. The Secretary will determine the amount of these awards by estimating the sum necessary during the budget period to cover the tuition, fees, stipends, and allowances (including travel costs approved by the Secretary)

for full-time students, and the tuition and fees for part-time students which the applicant proposes to provide to its trainees.

[45 FR 73661, Nov. 6, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 54440, Dec. 3, 1982; 61 FR 6130, Feb. 16, 1996]

## §58.206 How long does grant support last?

- (a) The written notice of grant award specifies the period during which formula grant funds are available for obligation by the grantee, or the period during which the recipient of a competitive grant award need not recompete for funds. This period will not exceed one year for formula grants and 3 years for competitve grants. The period during which recompetition is not necessary is called the project period.
- (b) Generally a competitive grant will initially be funded for one year, and subsequent continuation awards will also be for one year at a time. A grantee must submit a separate application to have the support continued for each subsequent year. Decisions regarding continuation awards and the funding levels of these awards will be made after consideration of such factors as the grantee's progress and management practices, and the availability of funds. In all cases, continuation awards require a determination by the Secretary that continued funding is in the best interest of the Federal Gov-
- (c) Neither the approval of any application nor the award of any grant commits or obligates the Federal Government in any way to make any additional, supplemental, continuation or other award with respect to any approved application or portion of an approved application.
- (d) Any balance of federally obligated grant funds remaining unobligated by the grantee at the end of a budget period may be carried forward to the next budget period, for use as prescribed by the Secretary, provided a continuation award is made. If at any time during a budget period it becomes apparent to the Secretary that the amount of Federal funds awarded and available to the grantee for that period, including any unobligated balance carried forward